

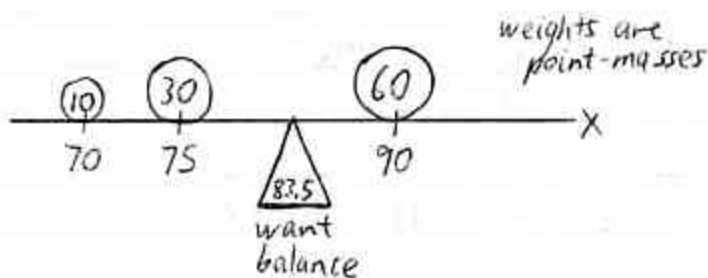
6.7: MOMENTS and CENTERS OF MASS

(A) One-Dimensional Setting

Ex

Test #k	Weight (% of class grade) (m_k)	Your score (x_k)
Test 1	10	70
Test 2	30	75
Test 3	60	90
(n=3 tests)	$\sum_{k=1}^3 m_k = 100$	

Find your weighted % for the class.



$\bar{x}$ = center of mass

$$= \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n m_k x_k}{\sum_{k=1}^n m_k} \quad \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \text{moment "M}_0\text{" about the origin} \\ \leftarrow \text{"m", the total mass} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{(10)(70) + (30)(75) + (60)(90)}{100} \rightarrow \text{press } \ominus$$

$$= \boxed{83.5}$$

relevant to your every day lives

quiz
mid
final
no HW-lucky!
what do you want to know?

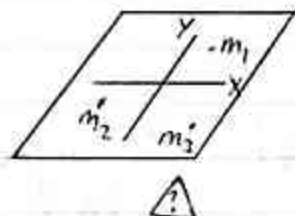
not boulders

mean

The quiz was worth 10%.

② Two-Dimensional Setting

m_i is at (x_i, y_i)

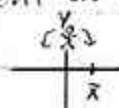


For $k=1, 2, \dots, n$:

The point-mass m_k is at (x_k, y_k) .

$$\text{Let } m = \sum_{k=1}^n m_k = \text{total mass}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n m_k x_k}{m} \leftarrow "M_y", \text{ the moment about } y\text{-axis}$$



$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n m_k y_k}{m} \leftarrow "M_x"$$

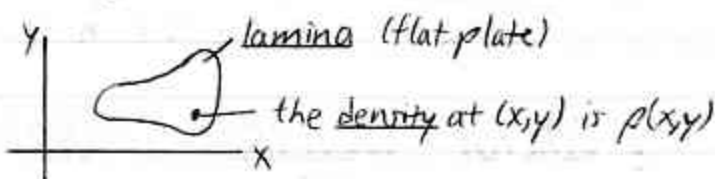
Center of mass: $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$

③ The Centroid of a Region

p. 926

Calc III

(in III, use 8)

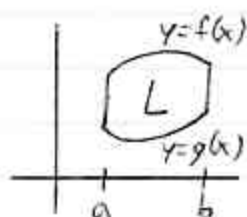
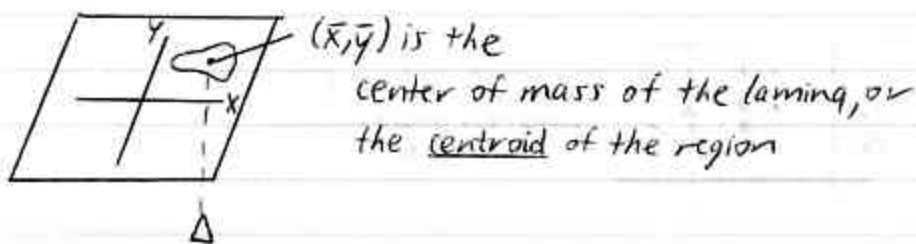


Calc I

Assume $\rho(x, y) = 1$ throughout the lamina.
homogeneous
(constant density)

$$\text{Then, } m = A.$$

(total mass) (area)



Find the centroid $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ of L .

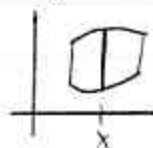
$$\begin{aligned} m &= \text{mass of } L \\ &= \text{area} \\ &= \int_a^b [f(x) - g(x)] dx \end{aligned}$$

top bottom

$$\bar{x} = \frac{M_y}{m}$$

adding there
x weight at x

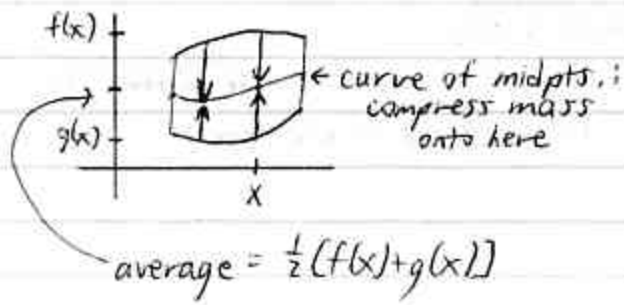
$$\text{where } M_y = \int_a^b \underbrace{x [f(x) - g(x)]}_{\text{weight at } x} dx$$



$$\bar{y} = \frac{M_x}{m}$$

$$\text{where } M_x = \int_a^b \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} [f(x) + g(x)]}_{\substack{\text{y-coord.} \\ \text{on curve of} \\ \text{midpts.}}} \cdot \underbrace{[f(x) - g(x)]}_{\substack{\text{weight} \\ \text{at } x}} dx$$

weighting y-coords.



Read Exs. 3-6

