QUIZ 3 (SECTIONS 16.3-16.9)

MATH 252 – FALL 2007 – KUNIYUKI SCORED OUT OF 125 POINTS \Rightarrow MULTIPLIED BY 0.84 \Rightarrow 105% POSSIBLE

Show all work, simplify as appropriate, and use "good form and procedure" (as in class).

Box in your final answers!

No notes or books allowed. A scientific calculator is allowed.

USE THE LAST PAGE IF YOU NEED MORE SPACE!!

1) Let
$$f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{3x^2y + z^3}$$
. Find $f_x(x, y, z)$. (4 points)

2) Let
$$f(r,s) = \cos(rs)$$
. Find $f_r(r,s)$ and use that to find $f_{rs}(r,s)$. (6 points)

3) Assume that f is a function of x and y. Write the limit definition of $f_y(x,y)$ using the notation from class. (4 points)

4) Let $f(x,y) = 3xy^2 - 4y^3 + 5$. Use differentials to linearly approximate the change in f if (x,y) changes from (4,-2) to (3.98,-1.96). (12 points)

5) Let f, f_1 , f_2 and f_3 be differentiable functions such that w = f(x, y, z), $x = f_1(u, v)$, $y = f_2(u, v)$, and $z = f_3(u, v)$. Use the Chain Rule to write an expression for $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$. (5 points)

6) Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ if z = f(x, y) is a differentiable function described implicitly by the equation $e^{xyz} = xz^4$. Use the Calculus III formula given in class. Simplify. (9 points)

- 7) The temperature at any point (x, y) in the xy-plane is given by $f(x, y) = 2xy + x^2$ in degrees Fahrenheit. Assume x and y are measured in meters. Give units in your answers. (23 points total)
 - a) Find the **maximum** rate of change of temperature at the point (3, 4). Approximate your final answer to three significant digits.

7 continued)

Reminder: The temperature at any point (x, y) in the xy-plane is given by $f(x, y) = 2xy + x^2$ in degrees Fahrenheit. Assume x and y are measured in meters. Give units in your answers.

b) Find the rate of change of temperature at (3, 4) in the direction of $\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$. Approximate your final answer to three significant digits.

7 continued)

c) Find a non- $\mathbf{0}$ direction vector \mathbf{v} such that the rate of change of temperature at (3,4) in the direction of \mathbf{v} is 0 [units].

8) Find an equation for the tangent plane to the graph of the equation $5x^2 - 4y^2 + z^2 = 45$ at the point P(-3, 2, 4). (10 points)

9) Find all critical points of $f(x,y) = 2x^3 + 2y^3 + 3y^2 - 54x - 12y + 1$, and classify each one as a local maximum, a local minimum, or a saddle point. Show all work, as we have done in class. You do <u>not</u> have to find the corresponding function values. (27 points)

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10) Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of

$$f(x, y, z) = 3x - 2y + 5z$$
 subject to the constraint $9x^2 + y^2 + \frac{15}{2}z^2 = 1$ using

the method of Lagrange multipliers. Your answers will be ordered triples in the domain of f; label which one corresponds to the absolute maximum and which one corresponds to the absolute minimum. Give exact, simplified answers, and rationalize denominators. (25 points)