## MATH 254: HOMEWORK

## **CHAPTERS 4 and 5**

- The assignments for Chapters 4 and 5 are due on the day that you take Midterm 2.
- Answers to odd-numbered problems are in the back of the textbook.
- Show work where appropriate, write your name on your homework, and use the <u>Student Solutions Guide</u> wisely.

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## **CHAPTER 4**

Section 4.1 (p.169) #1-13 odd, 17-23 odd

Section 4.2 (p.176) #1-11 odd, 13-24 all, 31, 32

#24: See pp.173-174.

#31, 32: You don't have to justify your "True" answers.

Section 4.3 (p.184) #1-4 all, 7-12 all, 14-21 all, 23-26 all, 28, 29

Note: ∈ means "is a member of"

#28: The <u>union</u> of two sets is the set of all elements that are in one or both sets. A graphical perspective may help.

#29: We want to show that the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices that commute with A (in a multiplicative sense) form a subspace of  $M_{22}$ .

Section 4.4 (p.196) #1, 3a, 5-33 odd, 35abd, 37, 39, 43, 45, 47, 48, 49, 53, 54

Section 4.5 (p.207) #1-13 all, 15, 17-20 all, 21-33 odd, 35-40 all, 53, 54

Section 4.6 (p.222) #1-21 odd, 25, 27, 31, 33, 35, 36, 41, 49a-e

#1-7: When finding a basis for the column space, the textbook uses the fact that  $Col(A) = Row(A^T)$ . If you use the alternate method we discussed in class (which I recommended if you also needed to find a basis for Row(A)), your answers may look different from those given in the back of the book.

Sections 4.7, 4.8 (skip)

- 4.7 will be discussed when we do Chapter 6. I mentioned some of this material in my 4.5 notes.
- 4.8 provides a preview of some topics in differential equations (Math 255).

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## **CHAPTER 5**

(Chapter 5 will receive less emphasis than Chapter 4 on the midterm.)

Section 5.1 (p.262) #1, 7-33 odd, 41-59 odd, 63-72 all, 74, 77, 79, 80

#33: You don't need a graphing utility.

#71, 72: Consider a conveniently oriented unit cube in xyz-space.

#72: Answer:  $\theta \approx 35.3^{\circ}$ 

Section 5.2 (p.274) #41, 43

Optional: Look at Examples 4 and 5 on p.266 for some examples of inner products on vector spaces other than  $R^n$ .

On the midterm, I will remind you that if  $\mathbf{v}$  and  $\mathbf{w}$  ( $\mathbf{w} \neq \mathbf{0}$ ) are two vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , the orthogonal projection of  $\mathbf{v}$  onto  $\mathbf{w}$  (using the dot product as our inner product) is

 $\operatorname{proj}_{\mathbf{w}} \mathbf{v} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{v} \bullet \mathbf{w}}{\mathbf{w} \bullet \mathbf{w}}\right) \mathbf{w}$ 

This may help you with 5.3-type problems, as well.

Section 5.3 (p.286) #1-9 odd, 13, 17-31 odd, 37, 52

Sections 5.4, 5.5 (skip)

Optional: Take a look at pp.302-307 on cross products in Section 5.5, especially if you are going on to Math 252 (Calc III) or 255 (Differential Equations).